

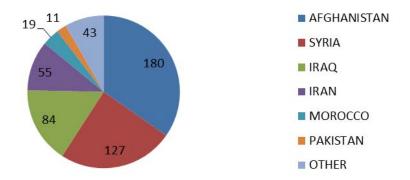
Vaccination Programmes targeting newly arrived migrants in the Mediterranean Basin and Black Sea



Workshop "Vaccine Preventable Diseases in the Mediterranean Basin and Black Sea: immunization strategies and coverage in the general population and the newly arrived migrants - the ProVacMed network" Rome, 16-17 June 2016

Migration patterns in Slovenia- current situation

- 1.1.2016 30.4.2016: 519 applications for asylum in Slovenia (406 M, 113 F);
- More than half of them already left the country!
- June 2016: app.350 migrants settled in asylum centers for migrants in Slovenia (weekly changed);



• EU agreement: 567 asylum seekers are planned to be relocated to Slovenia from Greece and Italy and 20 to be resettled from third countries.

Availability and type of migrant reception centers in Slovenia

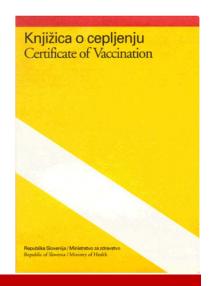
- **Applicants for asylum** are located in Asylum centre in Ljubljana and its branches (*capacities for 540 migrants*);
- **Migrants with approved status of international protection** can be located in two integration houses in Ljubljana and Maribor for one year (*capacities for 60 migrants*) or in private accomodation;
- Migrants with rejected asylum application are transferred to accommodation center for foreigners in Postojna before leaving Slovenia (*capacities for 350 migrants*);

Health care of migrants in accordance with relevant national laws

- Legal base: the Slovenian International Protection Act (UI RS, št. 22/16);
- Applicants for international protection have the right to:
 - Emergency medical treatment,
 - Women's health care for family planning, pregnancy and birth,
 - Children and youth to the full health care;
- Migrants with approved status of international protection have covered compulsory health insurance.

Immunization strategies targeting newly arrived migrants in Slovenia

- Migrants are required to have written confirmation of vaccinations, otherwise they are considered unvaccinated;
- Children less than 18-year-olds included in the regular annual vaccination program;
- Unvaccinated children >5 years old adapted scheme;
- If vaccinated uncompletely, they get the missing doses;
- Adult migrants vaccinated in accordance to epidemiological indications;
- Guidance on immunization strategies targeting newly arrived migrants in Slovenia are produced by NIPH;
- All vaccinated persons get a booklet for recording vaccination data;



Immunization program in Slovenia

• Annual vaccination program for preschool and school children

First year of life	
3 months	Di-Te-Per, Hib, Polio (1. dose) Pneumococcal vaccine (1. dose)
4 - 5 months	Di-Te-Per, Hib, Polio (2. dose)
6 months	Di-Te-Per, Hib, Polio (3. dose) Pneumococcal vaccine (2. dose)
Second year of life	
12 - 18 months	MMR (1. dose) Pneumococcal vaccine (3. odmerek)
12 - 24 months	Di-Te-Per, Hib, Polio (4. dose)
Befor entering school	
5 - 6 years	MMR (2. dose) Hepatitis B (1. and 2. dose)
After entering school	
1. class (6 years) 3. class (8 years)	Hepatitis B (3. dose) Di-Te-Per (5. dose)
6. class (11 - 12 years, girls)	HPV (1. and 2. dose)
Secondary school (16 - 18 years)	Tetanus (6. odmerek)

